Gazette of the United States, & Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 1270.] TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 4, 1796. [VOLUME X.

For Glaſgow,

The good brig COMMERCE,
E. TALLMAN, maſter.

Will ſail from New-York, the 9th inſt. having two thirds of her cargo ready to go on board—She is intended to return to Philadelphia very early in the Spring. For freight or paſſage apply to THOMAS SIMPSON,
at Samuel Breck, jun'r's,
Soutn Third-ſtreet,
Oppoſite Mr. Chew's Gardens.

Oct. 3. §

For Boſton,

The Schooner JOHN,
A conſtant trader, Peter Coffin, maſter, lying at Mr. Vanuxem's wharf, will ſail in all next week. For Freight or paſſage apply to the Captain on board or to
Edward Stow, jun.

Who has received by the above veſſel,
Some excellent Pickled Salmon,
and a few quintals of the
Very beſt kind of Dumb Fiſh.

September 30. d9

For Cork,

The Ship MaryAnn,
Francis Stuart, maſter: is a ſtrong, good ſhip, ſails faſt, and has good accommodations for paſſengers. Great part of her cargo being ready, ſhe will ſail in 10 days. For freight or paſſage apply to the Captain on board, at Mr. Shortall's wharf,
Or to Stuart & Barr.

Sept. 29. dtf No. 100, South Front-ſtreet.

For Charter,

The Ship Dominick Terry,
Jacob De Hart, maſter: an excellent veſſel, of about 3000 barrels burthen.
Jeſſe & Robert Waln.

September 21. d

For Charter,

The Daniſh Barque BENEVENTURA,
Samuel Stub, maſter,
A good veſſel, of about two hundred tons burthen. JESSE & ROBERT WALN.

Sept. 17. dtf

FOR LONDON,

The capital ſhip CERES,
To ſail ſoon:—For freight or paſſage apply to DAVY, ROBERTS & Co. or
John Vaughan,
Front-ſtreet.

September 10.

FOR SALE,

The ſhip STAR,

JOHN VANNEMAN, Maſter,
LYING at Walnut-ſtreet wharf, Philadelphia built, of live oak and cedar, will carry about 3200 barrels, is two years old, and in compleat order to receive a cargo—For terms apply to
THOS. & JOHN KETLAND.

Who have alſo for ſale ſaid veſſels cargo—conſiſting of—
Wine and Porter bottles,
Window Glaſs, 6 by 8 to 16 by 12.
Pipes in boxes
Earthen-Ware in crates.
Grindſtones, Coals, Whiting, &c.

Aug. 29 §

A Manufactory FOR SALE.

A Valuable SOAP and CANDLE Manufactory, ſituate in a convenient part of the city; the works almoſt new, on an entirely original conſtruction, and built of the beſt materials, and may be ſet to work immediately. Perſons who wiſh to purchaſe, are requeſted to apply at No. 273, South Second Street.

September 13. t t ſ tf

Dutch Goods,

Received by the Pennſylvania, from Amſterdam.

GIN, in pipes
Morlaix, Ticklenburgs, Oſnaburgs } In Bales
German, Haerlem, Hollands, Ravens } Stripes, in caſes
Bedticks, in ditto
Brittagnes, Platilles } in ditto

For Sale by *THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.*

Aug. 29 §

John Whiteſides & Co.

Have for Sale,

Venetian Red,
Spaniſh Brown,
White Lead, ground in oil.
Shot, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5.
London Porter, in caſks and bottles.
Green Copperas.
Several crates of Queens Ware, in ſetts, with deſert ditto compleat.
Bliſtered Steel,
German ditto.

Sept. 21. d2w

At a ſpecial meeting of the Board of Directors for eſtabliſhing uſeful Manufactures, holden at Paterſon, July 8, 1796,

RESOLVED, That a ſpecial meeting of the Stockholders of the Society be called on the firſt Monday, being the third day of October next, at Paterſon, by ten of the clock of the ſame day; then and there to take into conſideration the propriety of diſſolving the ſaid corporation, agreeably to the law in ſuch caſe made and provided—and the Stockholders are earneſtly requeſted to attend the ſaid meeting in perſon or by proxy.

Auguſt 27 dt30thO

Diſſolution of Partnerſhip.

THE Partnerſhip between ROBERT ANDREWS and DAVID MEREDITH, under the firm of ANDREWS and MEREDITH, being diſſolved. All perſons who are indebted to, or who have claims againſt the ſaid houſe, are requeſted to apply for ſettlement to the ſubſcriber.

ROBERT ANDREWS,
No. 86, So. Wharves.

Sept. 6, 1796. d tf

WANTED,

A Middle-Aged WOMAN, who can be well recommended, to take charge of the entire management of children—Such a perſon will meet with ſuitable encouragement, and may hear of a place, by applying to the printer of this Gazette.

Sept. 14. mwf

For Sale,

30 Hogſheads of choice New-England Rum,

Landing from the ſchooner John, at Vanuxem's wharf.—For terms apply to No. 71, North Water Street, at the head of the wharf.

Oct. 3. dtf.

LANDING,

From on board the Brig REBECCA, Dominic Davine, Maſter, at Philip Care's Wharf, and for Sale by the Subſcriber,

London Particular Madeira WINE,

In Pipes, Hogſheads and Quarter Caſks.

There are in the above parcel 10 Hhds. of CHOICE OLD WINE, fit for immediate uſe.

Robert Andrews,

Sept. 6. mw&f No. 86, So. Wharves.

Thomas Ryerſon

HAS juſt received, by the ſhips Molly and Hamburgh Packet from Liverpool, and the Light Horſe from Briſtol, and is now opening for ſale, at his ſtore No. 177, Market-ſtreet, an extenſive aſſortment of

Ironmongery, Cutlery, Hardware and Saddlery.

The ſhip Caroline, now on her paſſage from Liverpool to Philadelphia, brings the remainder of his fall importation.

N. B. At the above ſtore may be had, a few elegant Mahogany Caſes for Table Furniture; alſo, a good aſſortment of the beſt kinds of Knives and Forks.

Sept. 23. d

French Goods.

Received by the Sally, Mitchell, from Havre-de-Grace,

20 Trunks, 1 Caſe } Ladies' SHOES of all colors ſorts and ſizes
1 Ditto white and colored Silk STOCKINGS
1 Ditto Fine LAWN
1 Ditto beſt fine CAMBRIC
1 Ditto Ladies' beſt ſhammy and Grenoble Gloves

For Sale by THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

Aug. 24 §

Wm. HOLDERNESSE,

No. 76 High Street,

HAS received, by the lateſt arrivals from Europe and the Eaſt Indies, a well ſelected aſſortment of Silk Mercery, Linen Drapery and Haberdaſhery Goods; which he will ſell, Wholeſale and Retail, on the loweſt terms;

AMONGST WHICH ARE,

Some fine India muſlins emboroidered with gold and ſilver
Superfine Book, Jaconet, and Mulmul ditto
Do do do do Handkerchiefs
Some extra black taffeties, luteſtrings and colored Perſians
Bandano Handkerchiefs
Long and ſhort Nankeens
Engliſh Mantuas of the firſt quality
Damaſk table linen and napkins, very fine
Silk Hoſiery, an elegant aſſortment
Thead and cotton do
Umbrellas—green ſilk, oil'd do. and do cloth
French cambrics, very fine
Iriſh Linens, do. &c. &c. June 14 §

For Sale,

(In an excellent ſituation for buſineſs,)
A three-ſtory brick Houſe and Lot of Ground,

Eighteen feet front and twenty-five feet in depth, on the South ſide of Market near Front-ſtreet, now in poſſeſſion of Samuel Read.

Apply to
Iſrael Pleaſants, or
Charles & Joſeph Pleaſants.

Sept. 13. dtf

The Cargo of the Polacre Independent,

CAPTAIN CATHCART, from Alicant and Liſbon, landing at the ſubſcribers wharf—
28 Pipes of Brandy
18 Bales of Spaniſh wool
3 do. of Anniſeed
7000 Buſhels of beſt Liſbon Salt
80 Boxes of Lemons

For ſale by WILLINGS & FRANCIS.

ALSO,

Seventy Hogſheads of prime JAMAICA SUGARS, received by the ſhip Dominick Terry, Capt. De Hart, from Kingſton.

Sept. 13. d

FOR SALE,

WINE, London particular Madeira, 4 years old, in pipes and hogſheads
Claret, genuine old, in caſes
Gin, in pipes, from Holland
Earthen Ware, in crates
Baſket Salt, in hogſheads
Shot, Nos. 6, 7, 1 and 9
Bar Lead, Red and white dry lead
Steel, German and Ruſſia, in barrels
Anchors, cables, junk, bunting, tarpolin canvas,
Tin plates—An invoice Stationary. by
THOMAS & JOHN KETLAND.

July 29 §

Lottery and Broker's Office,

No. 64, South SECOND STREET.

TICKETS in the Canal Lottery, No. 2, for ſale—a Check Book for examination—and prizes paid in the late lottery.

Check Books kept for examination and regiſtering, for the City of Waſhington, No. 2, and Patteſon Lotteries, both of which are now drawing—information where tickets are to be had, and prizes exchanged for undrawn tickets. A complete liſt of all the prizes in the late New-Port Long-Wharf, Hotel and Public School Lottery, for examination.

The ſubſcriber ſolicits the application of the public and his friends, who wiſh to purchaſe or ſell Bank Stock, Certificates, Bills of Exchange or Notes, Houſes, Lands, &c. or to obtain money on depoſit of property.

Wm. Blackburn.

Philadelphia, *Auguſt* 18, 1796. mth

NOTES LOST.

WHEREAS two notes drawn by Benjamin Haſkell and George W. Kirkland, dated Boſton, the 24th February, 1796, payable to Joſeph May, or order, in 18 months after date, one for One Thouſand Dollars, the other Fifteen Dollars, were ſtolen with ſome other papers out of a trunk on the Lancaſter road. It is requeſted that any perſon to whom they may be offered for negociation, will give notice thereof to the ſubſcriber.

GARRETT COTTRINGER.

Sept. 30. ttstf

For Sale,

By J. WARDER, PARKER & Co.
An Invoice of Cordage,

Conſiſting of different ſizes, from 12 inch cables down to rope of 2 inches, of different lengths: Imported in the ſhip Swift, from Hull, and entitled to drawback.

Sept. 27 dtf

Twenty Caſks excellent Claret and A few pipes choice Bordeaux Brandy,

For ſale by
Joſeph Anthony & Co.

September 27. d6

NANKEENS,

Of the firſt quality, FOR SALE BY,
RD. and JAS. POTTER.

For any quantity above Five Thouſand Pieces, a liberal credit will be given. R. & J. P.

September 13. T. tf

70,000 Pieces Nankeens,

Of the beſt quality and on reaſonable terms,
FOR SALE BY
Philip Nicklin & Co.

Auguſt 26. dtf

THIS DAY PUBLISHED,
By J. ORMROD, No. 41, Cheſnut-ſtreet,
(Price 12 1-2 Cents)

The PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS

To the People *of the* United States,

Announcing his intention of retiring from public life at the expiration of the preſent conſtitutional term of preſidency.

September 20. d

Philip Nicklin & Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

Souchong, Hyſon Skin, Young Hyſon, Hyſon and Imperial } FRESH TEAS
Yellow Nankeens
Chint Ware, aſſorted in Boxes and Cheſts
Quickſilver
Bandanno Handkerchiefs of excellent quality in cheſts
London Market, London particular, New-York Market } MADEIRA WINE in pipes, hogſheads, & quarter caſks
Teneriffe Wine in pipes and hogſheads
Sugar Candy by the Box
Sail Canvas No. 1 a 8
Lead in ſheets
3 Caſks of Cutlery aſſorted
A few cheſts of Manchester Goods, aſſorted thick-ſets, cords, ſtriped Nankeens, &c.
3 Small packages of black ſewing-ſilks
8 Tierces Virginia Snake-root.
Nails aſſorted in caſks

July 18 mw&f

Wanted to Rent,

A convenient, well furniſhed Bed Chamber,

With a good fire-place, in an airy and healthy part of the city. The perſon who wants to rent ſuch a chamber, would have no objection to board, or breakfaſt only, with the family occupying the houſe, as may be moſt agreeable. Apply to the printer.

September 29. taw

Public Notice is Hereby Given,

TO the Freemen of the City and County of Philadelphia, and the County of Delaware, that a general election will be held on Tueſday the eleventh day of October next.—The election to be opened between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon, and one o'clock in the afternoon.

When the freemen of the City of Philadelphia, are to meet at the State-houſe in the ſaid city, to elect

Six Repreſentatives for ſaid city in General Aſſembly,

One Repreſentative for ſaid city in the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States.

Twenty perſons for members of the Common Council.

Twelve perſons for members of the Select Committee.

The Freemen of the City and County of Philadelphia to elect

One perſon for Governor
Two perſons for Coroners
One perſon for County Commiſſioner

The Freemen of the County of Philadelphia, to elect

Six Repreſentatives for ſaid County in General Aſſembly.

One Repreſentative for ſaid county in the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the United States.

The Freemen of the City and County of Philadelphia, and County of Delaware, to elect

One Senator for the State

The Freemen of the townſhip of the Northern Liberties are to hold their election at the town-houſe in Second Street continued, above Coats's Street.

The Freemen of the townſhips of Germantown, Roxborough and Briſtol, are to hold their election at the Union School Houſe in Germantown.

The Freemen of the townſhips of Oxford, Byberry, Lower Dublin and Moreland, are to hold their election at the houſe of the late John Barnſley in Buſſletown, in the townſhip of Lower Dublin.

And the Freemen of the Diſtrict of Southwark, and the townſhips of Moyamenſing, Paſſyunk, and Kingſeſſing, are to hold their election at the State-Houſe in the City of Philadelphia.

The Conſtables of each Ward, Diſtrict, &c. are to hold their election, in the different diſtricts to chooſe their inſpectors for the enſuing year, and to give their attendance at the time and reſpective places.

Sept. 26. JOHN BAKER, Sheriff.

*** The Electors of Cheſter county are requeſted to meet at Hunt Downing's, in Eaſt-Caln townſhip, on Friday, the 7th day of October enſuing, to form a ticket for the enſuing election.

September 12, 1796.

*** The Inhabitants of the county of Cheſter are requeſted to meet at the houſe of Abraham Marſhall, in the townſhip of Weſt-Bradford, in ſaid county, on the 7th day of October next, in order to conſult on a general ticket for the enſuing election.

September 14, 1796.

FOR SALE,

By N. and J. FRAZIER,
No. 95, S. Front-ſtreet,

Prime Boſton Beef, in barrels.
Georgia Cotton.
Carolina Rice and Indigo.
Sherry and Teneriffe Wines, of excellent quality.
Ravens Duck.
Indio Bandanno's.
Sewing Silks, various colours.
Coſſahs and Gurrahs.

Sept. 17. tts4w.

For ſale by the ſubſcribers,

IN PENN-STREET,

130 quarter Cheſts freſh Hyſon Tea;
100 ditto do. freſh Souchong Tea;
300 Boxes China, containing ſmall tea ſetts of 42 pieces;
400 pieces Bandanoes.

Willings & Francis.

January 30 tt&f

FOR SALE.

PORT WINE, and
HOLLAND GIN, of the firſt qualities in Pipes.
FRAUNCES and VAN REED,
Brokers and Commiſſion Merchants, No. 63, So. 3d St.

Who diſcount approved NOTES of hand.

N. B. An APPRENTICE Wanted.

September 14. mwf

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
By W. YOUNG, MILLS and Son,
Corner of Second and Cheſnut ſtreets,
Price 12 1-2 cents,

The Preſident's Addreſs

To the People of the United States,

INTIMATING

The reſolution he has formed to decline being conſidered among the number of thoſe out of whom a choice is to be made, at the enſuing election of a Preſident of the United States.

Sept. 20. ws6

Great is TRUTH and muſt prevail.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And for ſale at No. 41 Cheſnut-ſtreet by J. ORMROD,

An Apology for the Bible,

By R. WATSON, D. D. F. R. S.
Biſhop of Landaff, &c.

Being a complete refutation of Paine's *Age of Reaſon,*

And the only anſwer to the Second Part.

Auguſt 30. dtf

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
By W. YOUNG, MILLS and Son,
[Price 50 cts. in boards, 62 1-2 neatly bound]

An Apology for the Bible,

In a ſeries of Letters,

Addreſſed to Thomas Paine, author of a book entitled *The Age of Reaſon, part the ſecond, being an inveſtigation of true and fabulous theology.*

By R. WATSON, D. D. F. R. S. Lord Biſhop of Landaff, and Regius Profeſſor of Divinity in the Univerſity of Cambridge.

Sept. 16. tu&f6

India Tamboured Muſlins.

A ſmall, handſome aſſortment of Muſlins, viz.

Fine tamboured Malda and Santipore Muſlins, various patterns and prices.
Plain 6-4 Jaconet.
Corded and croſs-barred Muſlin Shawls.
Ditto ditto 6-4 and 4-4 Dorcas.
Muſlin Handkerchiefs, fine and coarſe.
Japan Muſlins, and
A few pieces extraordinary fine Long Cloths.

FOR SALE BY
Thomas Tingey,
No. 121, South Third-ſtreet.

Sept 12. tutf&f

Plans of the city of Philadelphia,

Including the NORTHERN LIBERTIES and diſtrict of SOUTHWARK,
Publiſhed, and ſold by
BENJAMIN DAVIES,
No. 68, High ſtreet,
(Price one dollar.)

THIS plan is 26 inches ſquare, and has been engraved by one of the firſt artiſts in the city, from a late and accurate ſurvey. Purchaſers are entitled to a pamphlet with each plan, giving "ſome account of the city, its population, trade, government, &c.

July 19 tu&ftf

TAKE NOTICE.

THE ſubſcriber intends to make application for a renewal of the following certificate, ſuppoſed to be loſt on the paſſage to England in April 1794:

Certificate No. 10335, dated 15th November, 1793, for 2830 dollars and 92 cents—Six per cent. domeſtic debt, on the books of the Treaſury of the United States, in the name of the Hon. John Trevor.

ROBERT BIRD, at John Warder's.

Philadelphia, Auguſt 30th, 1796. *tu&f6w

WANTED,

THREE JOURNEYMEN BOOK-BINDERS,

GOOD ſteady workmen will meet with conſtant employment, and good wages; by applying to JOHN CURTIS, No. 43, North Fourth-ſtreet.

N. B. BOOK-BINDING in all its different branches, executed with neatneſs and diſpatch. Public and private libraries repaired in the neateſt and beſt manner.

September 20. t & 2w

BRANDY,

OF 1ſt and 4th proof, and equal in quality to that imported from France, may be had of the ſubſcriber at his Diſtillery, No. 115, Story or New-ſtreet, between Third and Fourth-ſtreets, where the public, upon application, may judge for themſelves, and will find it an object well worth their attention.

RUM and GIN in any quantity, for exportation or home conſumption, and of ſuperior quality—by

Thomas Cave.

P. S RYE, MALT, BARLEY, and MELASSES, will be purchaſed, or taken in exchange for ſpirits, upon application as above. Alſo any quantity of Claret or other wine fit for diſtillation.

Auguſt 29 h, 1796. M4w

Washington Lottery.

The Twenty-fourth & Twenty-fifth Days' Drawing of the Washington Lottery, No. 2, are received at the office No. 234, Market-ſtreet, where tickets may be examined.

N. B. Information given where tickets in all the other lotteries may be procured.

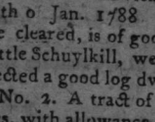
October 1, 1796. df

For Sale,

The Time of a Negro Man,

Who is a good Cook. Enquire at No. 109, South Water-Street.

Sept. 23. dto



For Sale,

The remarkable faſt ſailing

SCHOONER *LIVELY*,

now lying at Hamilton's wharf, built in 1794 by Mr. Yard at Kenſington, of live-oak and red-cedar—her dimenſions are 68 feet 3 inches length on deck—29 feet 6 inches breadth, of beam—8 feet 4 inches hold—and carries between 5 and 600 barrels flour.—The Lively being well known here, any further deſcription of her is unneceſſary—ſuffice it to ſay, that ſhe is not inferior to any veſſel of her ſize in any reſpect whatever—For terms apply to

EDWARD DUNANT,
No. 149, ſouth Front-ſtreet.

Who will have landed on Wedneſday morning next, from on board the Brigantine LIBERTY, Captain MURPHEY, at ſaid wharf.

100 *Hogſheads prime Havanna Molaſſes.*

He has likewiſe for ſale,

A few packages of CALCUTTA GOODS—Conſiſting of,

Pungim Cloths, Humhums, Tickerys, Baſtaes, Coſſaes, Barhar, Pullicat and Bandanno Handkerchiefs, Guzenahs, black Taffaties, Choppa Romalls, Gurrahs, Patna Chintzes &c. &c. Alſo,

A quantity of Rhode-Iſland CHEESE, Spermaceti CANDLES, and a few barrels BEEF.

October 3. 6t. *

Valuable Real Eſtate,

For ſale at Auction by Caſper Thiell, of Hamburg, late the property of James and William Kinnear.

For ſale by public auction, on the 9th day of November next enſuing, at the ſign of Gen. Waſhington, Wood's tavern, borough of Reading, Berks county, the following real eſtate, viz.

No. 1. A TRACT of land containing 465 acres with allowance for roads, called the Purchaſe, ſituated in Brunſwick townſhip, Berks county, patented, 18th o Jan. 1788. This tract, of which about 25 acres are cleared, is of good ſoil, ſituated on the Tomagua, or Little Schuylkill, well watered and timbered, on which is erected a good log dwelling houſe and ſtable.

No. 2. A tract of unimproved land, containing 284 acres, with allowance, &c. called Hopewell, patented 28th October, 1790, ſituated in Brunſwick townſhip, Berks county, ſoil good.

No. 3. A tract of unimproved land, containing 376 acres with allowance, &c. called Hillſburg, patented 28th October 1790, ſituation, &c. as No, 2.

No. 4. A tract of unimproved land, containing 388 acres, with allowance, &c. patented 28th of October, 1786, ſituation, &c. as No. 2 and 3.

No. 5. A tract of land, containing 268 acres, and 57 perches, with allowance, &c. ſituated in Brunſwick townſhip, Berks county, on Tomagua, or little Schuylkill, 5 miles above the town of Hamburg, on which is erected a well finiſhed two ſtory ſquared log dwelling houſe, 22 feet by 35, within the diſtance of 100 perches from a forge, with the advantage of a ferry and public houſe; theſe advantages render this tract very valuable.

No 16. A town lot in Hamburg, encloſed with a poſt and rail, or board fence, containing in front, 60 feet, and in depth 180 feet, ſubject to a ground rent of 7/6 per annum.

No. 17. A town lot in Hamburg, encloſed as no 16, to which it adjoins, being of the ſame dimenſions, and ſubject to the ſame ground rent, on which is erected a log ſtable, 16 by 18 feet

No. 18. A town lot in Hamburg, adjoining to No. 17, a corner lot, fronting on Main and Schuylkill ſtreets, dimenſions the ſame as No. 16 and 17, above deſcribed, ſubject to 10/0 per annum ground rent. On this lot is erected a large 2 ſtory dwelling houſe, 45 feet front on Main ſtreet, by 34 feet in depth on Schuylkill ſtreet, pleaſantly and advantageouſly ſituated for a ſtore.

N. B. The above deſcribed three town lots will be ſold ſeparately or together, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers.

Conditions of ſale—One third of the purchaſe money to be paid to the ſubſcribers, or either of them in Philadelphia, at or before the expiration of one month from the day of ſale, when a deed of conveyance will be executed; the reſidue payable in 2 equal payments, at 6 and 12 months with intereſt, the payment whereof to be ſecured by mortgage on the premiſes.

James Henderſon,
Frederick Montmollin,
Thomas Rogers,
Joſeph D. Drinker,
} Aſſignees to the eſtate of James & Wm. Kinnear.

September 26. m & th.

Treaſury Department,

September 28, 1796.

NOTICE is hereby given, that propoſals will be received at the office of the Secretary of the Treaſury until the expiration of the firſt day of March next enſuing, for the ſupply of all rations which may he required for the uſe of the United States, from the firſt day of June, 1797, to the thirty-firſt day of May, 1798, both days incluſive, at the places and within the diſtricts hereafter mentioned, viz. At Oſwego; at Niagara; at Preſque Iſle; at Sanduſky Lake, and on Sanduſky River; at Detroit; at Michilimackinac; at Fort-Franklin; at Pittſburgh; at Cincinnati; at Fort-Hamilton; at Fort St. Clair; at Fort-Jefferſon; at Grenville; at Picque Town and Loramies Store; at Fort Adams; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance on the Miami River to Lake Erie; at Fort Steuben; at Fort Maſſac; at any place from Fort Maſſac to the ſouth boundary of the United States on the river Miſſiſippi; at Fort Knox; at Ouiatanon.

If ſupplies ſhall be required for any poſts or places not mentioned in this notice, all ſuch ſupplies ſhall be furniſhed at prices proportioned to thoſe to be paid at the poſts before recited, or as may be hereafter agreed on between the United States and the Contractor.

The rations to be ſupplied are to conſiſt of the following articles, viz.

One pound two ounces of bread or flour.
One pound two ounces of beef, or fourteen ounces of pork or bacon.
Half a gill of rum, brandy or whiſkey.
One quart and half a pint of ſalt.
Two quarts of Vinegar,
Two pounds of Soap,
One pound of Candles,
} per hundred rations.

The rations are to be furniſhed in ſuch quantities, as that there ſhall at all times during the ſaid term, be ſufficient for the conſumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit, Niagara, and Oſwego, for the term of ſix months in advance, and at each of the other poſts, for the term of at leaſt three months in advance, in good and wholeſome proviſions, if the ſame ſhall be required. It is to be underſtood, that the Contractor is to be at the expence and riſk of ſupplying the ſupplies to the troops at each poſt, and that all loſſes ſuſtained by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, ſhall be paid for at the price of the articles captured or deſtroyed, on the depoſitions of two or more perſons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commiſſioned officer, aſcertaining the circumſtances of the loſs, and the amount of the articles for which compenſation ſhall be claimed.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treaſury.

CONTINUATION OF FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE,

By the ſhip FANNY, Captain BRAINE, arrived at New-York, in 49 days from Greenock, and the ELIZA, Captain WILSON, from London.

BOLOGNA, June 25.

The French have exacted a contribution of 5 millions from the legation of Bologna. The ſenate, in order to diſcharge the impoſition without laying out the burthens upon the people, have reſolved to devote the church plate; and in caſe that it ſhould not be adequate to the purpoſe, the deficiency is to be ſupplied by individuals, who will be directed to bring their ſuperfluous plate to the national bank.

The Republic of Bologna engages to pay theſe contributors an intereſt of 5 per cent. but they refuſe to give any indemnity to the churches and convents, not wiſhing to augment their revenues, which are already enormous, and the contribution they conſider only as a retrenchment of the ſuperfluities of theſe religious eſtabliſhments, and not as a diminution of their revenues.

VIENNA, July 16.

All the exertions of our Miniſtry now tend to peace only. Our exchequer bills have, in conſequence, experienced a riſe of two per cent. Two deputies have arrived from Nuremberg. The garriſon of Mantua made two more ſorties on the 6th and 7th, killed a great number of the enemy, and took ſome cannon.

FRANKFORT, July 19.

The Hereditary Prince of Denmark entered this place on the ſame day it was taken poſſeſſion of by the French. His highneſs was conducted by one of the French General Bonnard's Adjutants. On the day following he went to Wilhemſtadt, and yeſterday he dined with General Jourdan, at Gelnhauſten.

STRASBURG, July 21.

General Defaix is at Stutgard, and Moreau with the head-quarters, at Pfortzheim. This laſt poſt was taken in conſequence of a moſt ſignal victory. Jourdan has his out-poſts at Darmſtadt, and this advantageous poſition prevented the enemy from ſuccouring Mayence and Manheim, where troops of the circle only are left. Both banks of the Rhine are therefore ours, with the exception of eight or ten leagues of country, in which are locked up the two armies of prince Charles and Latour. They combat as they retreat with enormous loſs, and in a few days they will be behind the Danube.

The emigrants are already there in ſhelter from our bullets.

All the German princes ſucceſſively demand peace. The emperor abandons them; but he will himſelf, in a few days, be forced to demand peace, if he wiſhes not that Moreau ſhould ſhake hands with Buonaparte.

By the report of the head commiſſary, the army of the Rhine and Moſelle is completely ſupplied with every thing for the reſt of the campaign.

We are aſſured, that deputies from the iſland of Sardinia paſſed by Genoa latterly, to viſit Buonaparte. It is added, that the Sardinians have reſolved to erect themſelves into a republic, under the protection of France. They will no doubt be favourably received by the general and commiſſary. It is eſſential that Sardinia ſhould be under our influence, to ſecure us the means of retaking Corſica. It further appears, that this iſland will be ſoon invaded. Several Corſicans, in concert with Salicetti and Buonaparte, announce that the Engliſh will be ſoon driven from thence. *(Sentinelle.)*

PARIS, June 30.

It has been remarked that the decree of accuſation againſt Drouet, was reported in the council of elders on the anniverſary of the day on which, five years before, he ſtopped Louis the XVIth at Varennes.

There ſeems to be an intention of renewing the abſurd ſyſtem of republicanizing all the countries through which we paſs, and of loading us by that means with the expence and embarraſſments of their freedom. To be ſure theſe countries, whoſe inhabitants have, for the ſecond time, attempted to maſſacre our troops, appear perfectly ripe for liberty! Nevertheleſs the arrival at Paris of three members of the new municipality of Milan, is this day pompouſly and triumphantly announced. Their names are Gallazzo Perbelloni, Tidelle Propanſi, and Charles Nicholas, and the object of their journey is ſaid to be a requeſt that their country may be converted into an independent republic, under our protection. It is probable that the ſecret conditions of the treaty with the king of Sardinia, will prevent, at leaſt in part, the execution of this plan.

It is time, moreover, to repeat, and the late inſurrection of the imperial fiefs, renders the repetition a duty—that if we engage in theſe ridiculous cruſades—if we are not more politic and reſerved in our conduct in Italy, that country will ultimately prove the grave of our army. We ſhould do better to think of accelerating a concluſion of peace, than to purſue new conqueſts, which by dividing our forces too much, will annihilate them But let Monteſquieu ſpeak, whoſe authority will probably have greater weight than our own.

MONTESQUIEU TO BUONAPARTE.

"Conqueſts are eaſy to make, becauſe they are made with our whole forces;—they are difficult to preſerve, becauſe they are only defended by part of our forces.

"In conqueſts it is not enough to leave the conquered nation in poſſeſſion of its own laws—it is, perhaps, more neceſſary to leave it in poſſeſſion of its manners, becauſe a people always underſtand, love and defend their manners better than their laws.

"The French have been expelled from Italy nine times, according to hiſtorians, on account of their inſolence to women, married and unmarried. It is too much for a nation to be expoſed not only to the pride of the conqueror, but alſo to his incontinence, to his indiſcretion, which are doubtleſs more intolerable, becauſe they lead to an infinite multiplication of inſults."

LONDON, July 23.

Diſpatches were received yeſterday from Vice Admiral Kingſmill, at Cork, ſtating the capture of the Terrible French brig, mounting 14 guns, by the Hazard ſloop of war, of 16 guns, commanded by Captain Ruddach, after an action of four hours; and that the Trompeuſe ſloop of war of 18 guns, Capt. Watſon, was unfortunately wrecked on the 15th inſt. in working out of Kinſale bay, where ſhe had called to take in ſtores.

July 30.

The progreſs of the French in Germany, it is now underſtood, is to be ſtopped—all other means having failed—by a new manifeſto from the Empreſs of Ruſſia. Her declaration, from her account, being more powerful than any armed interference.

During the early months of the French revolution, the houſe of an unpopular character was attacked by the mob. An orator prevented their uſing violence, by addreſſing them in nearly theſe words. "Gentlemen, why ſhould you attack the houſe? It is his landlords. Why kill his wife? She is public property. Why injure his children? They are perhaps your own.

According to letters from Peterſburgh, of the 2d inſtant, her Imperial Majeſty has granted the ſum of 850,000 roubles for building ſixty gallies in the place of thoſe which were conſumed in the late conflagration.

The merchants of this city, intereſted in the Portugal trade, had a meeting on Thurſday for the purpoſe of preſenting an addreſs to Earl Spencer, requeſting that the board of Admiralty would immediately ſend out a ſtrong convoy for the protection of the homeward bound fleet from Newfoundland, as well as the Oporto and Liſbon trade. The late reports, reſpecting the intended invaſion of Portugal by the French, with the frequent conferences held at the court of Liſbon, have created much alarm in the minds of the merchants, who took this method of ſecuring every protection to their property, which it might eventually require.

Yeſterday a court of admiralty was held in Doctors' Commons, for the trial of prize cauſes, when his Majeſty's Procurator General, purſuant to notice, moved for the condemnation of the unclaimed parts of the cargoes of upwards of fifty Dutch ſhips, which had been captured during the preſent war with France.

The following particulars are ſtated in a letter from a gentleman on board the Kingaron, hon'ble C. Boyle, commander, dated, Corunna harbour, June 17. We received information on the 10th, that a French privateer, then in Ferrol, intended ſailing the next morning, in order to intercept an Engliſh packet then hourly expected, ſaying, that the ſickly ſtate we were in would not ſuffer us to venture out. We prepared inſtantly for ſea, and at four o'clock in the morning got under weigh.—At ſix, ſpoke with a Spaniſh coaſter, who informed us, that the lugger in the S. W. of us was a French privateer. We immediately chaſed her; and at twelve o'clock run her aſhore on the open coaſt, below high water mark, and not in ſight of any Spaniſh fort or colour. Finding we could not deſtroy her with our guns, owing to the quick motion of the veſſel from a heavy ſwell, captain Boyle agreed to let the maſter, and twenty other men, all volunteers, leave the ſhip in order to ſcuttle her. The maſter and twelve men, through a heavy ſurf, boarded, and ſoon after took poſſeſſion of her, tho' the French continued to fire on them from two four pounders. The French had left a train to her magazine; and immediately on our boarding her, ſhe blew up, when eight of them loſt their lives, and the maſter was ſo ſeverely wounded, that he ſurvived only three days. One of the other men was taken by the French, who fired on him, broke one of his legs, and with their cutlaſſes almoſt ſeparated one of his arms from his body. The remaining three eſcaped.

Laſt week, the lord chancellor gave judgment in the great cauſe, ſo much diſputed, concerning the marquis of Annandale, which, his lordſhip having been found domicile in England, will be divided according to the ſtatute of diſtribution among his next of kin. Theſe are—Lady Chriſtian Graham, of Edinburgh, ſir R. B. Johnſtone, baronet, of Hackneſs, and Charles Johnſtone, eſquire, of Haverford Weſt. The property exceeds 500,000 pounds.

Auguſt 1.

Arrived at Liverpool, the Amphitrite, Garner, from the Greenland Fiſhery, with 7 fiſh, and the Peggy, Nicholſon, with 10 fiſh. At Hull, the Manchester, Matten, with 4 fiſh, 388 ſeals, 1 bear, and 1 unicorn. The Fanny, Taylor, with 6 fiſh, ſo remarkably large, that they filled 120 butts. And the Caroline, with 5 fiſh, and 1500 ſeals. At Lynn, the Experiment, with 8 fiſh. The North Briton, Edmonds, with 7 fiſh, is arrived at Hull from Davis' Streights.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT OF ADMIRALTY.
DOCTORS' COMMONS.

Yeſterday came on to be heard the caſe of the ſhip Clariſſa, which was captured by a private ſhip of war at Surinam, as property belonging to the enemies of this country.

The principal queſtion before the court was, "whether a Mr. Apthorpe, who claimed reſtitution of his ſhare of the cargo as a native of America, ought to be conſidered at the time of the capture as an enemy to the crown of England, or as the ſubject of a neutral power?"

It appeared that Mr. Apthorpe had reſided at Surinam; that he had concealed certain of the ſhip's papers at the time of the capture, and had talked of retaking the ſhip.

The learned civilians, as counſel for Mr. Apthorpe contended with great zeal and ability, that as a native of America, he was entitled to reſtitution of his ſhare of the cargo.

The learned judge, after hearing counſel on both ſides, was of opinion, that the claim of Mr. Apthorpe could only be conſidered as an experiment to elude the juſtice of the Admiralty Court. Like the ancient Romans, he ſeemed to indulge the idea that an American born, was an American in every country. "Once a Roman, always a Roman," was the proud ſentiment of ancient Rome. The idea, however, was erroneous, and repugnant to the ſpirit and wiſdom of the law of nations. A man became a ſubject of that country under the protection of whoſe laws he lived. The learned judge felt himſelf warranted by the evidence to conſider Mr. Apthorpe as a reſident Dutchman at Surinam at the time of the capture, and the cargo he claimed to be lawfully confiſcated. Sir James referred the conſideration of other parts of the cargo, until farther proof be adduced, but condemned the ſhare claimed by Mr. Apthorpe as good and lawful prize to the captors, together with the maſter's private alventure.

[The foregoing caſe furniſhes a remarkable proof of inconſiſtency in the Britiſh principles, for it is on the principle of "Once an Engliſhman, always an Engliſhman," that is that a man cannot abandon his allegiance and citizenſhip, that the Britiſh ſhips are conſtantly impreſſing men from our veſſels at ſea and in the Weſt-Indies. They claim Britiſh born men, as Britiſh ſubjects, wherever they find them, tho' they have been abſent ten years, and actually become citizens of the United States. Yet the "Learned Judge" of the High Court of Admiralty, when it is a convenient excuſe for confiſcating American property, declares the principle erroneous. Let American ſeamen carry this caſe in their pockets, and when Britiſh captains attempt impreſſments, throw it in the teeth of thoſe inſulting ſea-robbers.]

Auguſt 2.

DUTCH NAVY.

The following ſtatement of the ſtrength of the Dutch Navy is tranſlated from a Bruſſels paper of the 23d ult.

The Dutch ſquadron, gone to the Eaſt-Indies, under the command of Admiral Lucas, is compoſed of two ſhips of 68 guns, one of 56, two frigates of 44, and four corvettes.

The ſquadron, gone to the Weſt-Indies under Admiral Braak, conſiſts of one ſhip of 56 guns, one frigate of 44, two of 36, and four corvettes.

There are in the Texel, under the command of admiral Winter, two ſhips of 74 guns, ſix of 68, one of 56, two frigates of 44, and ſeven corvettes, or other ſmaller veſſels.

In the other different ports of the Republic, there are two ſhips of 74 guns, four of 68, two of 56, two of 44, eight frigates or corvettes, of from 36 to 10 guns, and ſixteen ſhips of war of leſs than 20 guns.

There are building or repairing in the different dock yards of the Batavian republic, two ſhips of 74 guns, four of 68, one of 56, two frigates of 32, one of 26, and two corvettes of 18.

The Dutch have beſides, two frigates of 36 guns in the Eaſt-Indies; and in the Weſt-Indies they have one frigate of 40 guns, three of 36, two corvettes of 24, and one of 16.

TOTAL.

6	Ships of the line of	74 guns
16	——	68
6	——	56
8	Frigates from	44 to 40
14	——	36 to 32
23	Corvettes,	
17	Smaller ſhips of war.	
90	Total ſhips of war.	

PORTSMOUTH, Auguſt 2.

The following ſhips from the Eaſt-Indies, this morning paſſed by, under convoy of the Standard man-of-war, viz.

Barwell	Iſabella	
Francis	Warren Haſtings	
Hillſborough	Charon	
Rodney	Anna 1ſt	
Minerva	Anna 2d	
Princeſs Amelia	Duckinfield Hall	
Lord Thurlow	Royal Charlotte	
London	Surat Caſtle	
Lord Walſingham	Young William	
Bellona	Grand Pera	
Earl of Oxford	Symes	} Whalers.
Marquis of Lanſdowne	Edward	} Whalers.
Princeſs of Wales		

The above ſhips have been two months and eight days from St. Helena.

Admiral Winter's ſquadron has failed from the Texel for Bergen, to convoy from thence the Dutch Indiamen, and the ſeveral Engliſh veſſels, prizes to the French and Dutch cruiſers. This fleet is divided into three ſquadrons: Ryrjes and Strong have commands under Winter.

A French ſquadron, conſiſting of 7 ſail of ſtout frigates, are ſaid to be in the Channel. The lords of the admiralty have in conſequence ordered reinforcements out to ſir E. Pellew. The Concorde of 36 guns, is one of the veſſels appointed to this ſervice.

No. 154.

Diſtrict of Pennſylvania, to wit:

SEAL BE it remembered that on the 26th day of September, in the twenty-firſt year of the Independence of the United States of America, Abraham Bradley, junior of the ſaid Diſtrict, hath depoſited in this office, the title of a Map, the right whereof, he claims as author in the words following to wit,

"Map of the United States exhibiting the ſituations, "connections & diſtances of the Poſt-Offices, Stage-roads, "Counties, Ports of Entry and Delivery for Foreign veſ- "ſels, and the principal rivers,

"By ABRAHAM BRADLEY, jun."

In conformity to the Act of the Congreſs of the United States intituled "An act for the encouragement of learning by ſecuring the copies of maps, charts, and books to the authors and proprietors of ſuch copies during the times therein mentioned."

Samuel Caldwell, Clerk,
Diſtrict of Pennſylvania.

The above map may be had of the author at the General Poſt-Office, next door to the War-Office in Fifth-Street, and at his houſe, No. 78, corner of Crown Street and Brewers Alley between 4th and 5th, and Vine and Callowhill Sreets. Prices from 3½ to 5 dollars each, according to the manner in which they are finiſhed. The progreſs (or arrivals and departures) of the Mail on the Main Line may be had ſeparate for 37½ cents.

Oct. 3. 1aw6w.

WANTED,

An APPRENTICE to the Printing Buſineſs.

Enquire at this Office. Aug. 9.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 4, 1796.

MARRIED, last evening, by the Rev. Bhop White, HENRY PHILIPS, Esq. to Miss SOPHIA CHEW, daughter of the honorable Benjamin Chew of this city.

☞ *The Philadelphia Company*
OF PRINTERS AND BOOKSELLERS,
Meet at the Golden-Swan, Third-ſtreet,
THIS EVENING, at Seven o'clock.

ERROR OF THE PRESS.

In ſome of yeſterday's GAZETTE, the word *afternoon* was inſerted in the fourth line under the head *COMMENCEMENT*—The reader will perceive, that it ought to have been *forenoon*.

THE PROSPECT BEFORE US

At this ſeaſon of the year, when the luxuriant bounties of a plentiful harveſt are juſt gathered in—when we were fondly anticipating a reduction in the prices of articles of the firſt neceſſity, how are our hopes blaſted! how is the ſcene overcaſt, and what glooms reſt on the coming winter months, for the poor, the ſalariſt, the annuitant, and circumſcribed houſe keeper.

The ſtaff of life BREAD—the price of which regulates all other neceſſaries, is enhanced, and is continually riſing. It has long borne a price diſproportioned to any fair commercial ſpeculation—in conſequence of which, the people of the United States pay more for it than thoſe ſituated in the *focus* of the European war. There is ſomething wrong in this. The enormous price of flour will encreaſe the price of every thing elſe connected with ſubſiſtence. This will be an evil which the majority of the community cannot balance or counteract. The conſequence will be, not an encreaſe of wealth to the public, or individuals finally, but a ſerious, a fatal depreciation of the circulating medium.—This perhaps is not the worſt of the buſineſs—real diſtreſs will impend; and it behoves the prudent to foreeaſt how the evil ſhall be averted.

ROBERT BURNS.

DUMFRIES (Scotland) July 26.

Died here, on the morning of the 21ſt inſt. in the 38th year of his age, ROBERT BURNS, he Scottiſh bard.

His manly form and penetrating eye ſtrikingly indicated extraordinary mental vigour.

For originality of wit, rapidity of conception, and fluency of nervous phraſeology, he was unrivalled.

Animated by the fire of nature, he uttered ſentiments which, by their pathos, melted the heart to tenderneſs, or expanded the mind by their ſublimity: As a luminary, emerging from behind a cloud, he aroſe at once into notice; and his works and his name can never die, while divine poeſy ſhall agitate the chords of the human heart.

Actuated by the regard which is due to the ſhade of ſuch a genius, his remains were yeſterday interred with military honors and every ſuitable reſpect. The corpſe having been previouſly conveyed to the town hall, remained there until the following ceremony took place—

The military here, conſiſting of the Cinque Port cavalry, and the Angus ſhire fencibles, having handſomely tendered their ſervices, lined the ſtreets on both ſides to the burial ground. The Royal Dumfries Volunteers, of which he was a member, in uniform, with crapes on their left arms, ſupported the bier. A party of that corps, appointed to perform the military obſequies, moving in ſlow ſolemn time to the dead march in Saul, which was played by the military band, preceded in mournful array with arms reverſed. The principal part of the inhabitants of this town and neighborhood, with a number of the particular friends of the bard from remote parts, followed in proceſſion, the great bells of the churches tolling at intervals. Arrived at the church yard gate, the funeral party, according to the rules of that exerciſe, formed two lines, and leaned their heads on their fire-locks pointed to the ground. Through this ſpace the corps was carried, and borne forward to the grave. The party then drew up along ſide of it, and fired three vollies over the coffin when depoſited in the earth. The whole ceremony preſented a ſolemn, grand and affecting ſpectacle: and accorded with the general ſorrow and regret for the loſs of a man, whoſe like we ſcarce can ſee again.

From a late London Paper.

The following goods were lately ſhipped from this port, for a theatre in the United States of America, viz.

17lbs. of beſt genuine lightning, well glazed.
2 complete ſets of thunder-bolts, with ſpring barbs.
Alderman Arable's farm, with St. Paul's and Buckingham houſe.
A ſky, 3 moons, a ſtorm, a ſea, and a flying dragon.
18 daggers, two gilt goblets for poiſon, the devil's punch-bowl, and O'Sullivan's water-fall.
10 witches' hats, 20 helmets, 50 ſhields, and 60 ſcymiters.
JEWELS—3 brilliant diamond ſtars, 4 pair of ditto buckles, 8 ditto rings, 2 pair ditto ear-rings, and 2 ditto of necklaces.
PLAYS—The Way to get Married, An Harlequin, Speculation, The Wicklow Gold Mine, The Children in the Wood, Crotchet Lodge, Almeyda, A Man of Ten Thouſand, Jane Shore, and The Two Murderers.

For the GAZETTE *of the* UNITED STATES.

WILLIAM PENN,

The founder of Pennſylvania, a ſtateſman, a man of letters, a philanthropiſt, and a great and approved miniſter among the Quakers, and to whom nothing that was of importance in ſociety was indifferent—well aware of the conſequences proceeding from bad adminiſtration of government, could not view the approach of an election without taking a livy intereſt therein, and occaſionally exerting his tents to inſure a choice of men who would, by moderation and ſound judgment, preſerve the conſtitution inviolate, augment the national proſperity, and by wholeſome laws, deal juſtice with an equal hand, to all who are in any way affected by the operations of government.

In the 2d volume of his works, page 678, written in the year 1679, is ſeen, an addreſs to the freeholders, ſtiled, "England's great intereſt in the choice of this new parliament;" written in an energetic ſtile, and abounding with judicious obſervations. But as the politicks of England, previous to their revolution, were were different from ours at the preſent day, a few extracts only ſhall be quoted; from which the reader may judge, how much he felt for the honour, the freedom, and the happineſs of his country.

"If (ſays he) you are free, and reſolve to be "ſo—if you have any regard to God's providence "in giving you a claim to ſo excellent a conſtitu"tion—if you would not void your own rights, "nor lay a foundation of vaſſallage to your unborn "followers, the poor poſterity for whom God and "nature, and the conſtitution of the government "have made you truſtees—then ſeriouſly weigh the "following particulars:

"In your preſent election, receive no man's gift "or bribe to chuſe him; for be aſſured, ſuch will "be falſe to your country, yourſelf, and your chil"dren. How can you hope to ſee God with peace, "that turn mercenaries in a matter upon which de"pends the well-being of an whole kingdom, for "preſent and future times? ſince at a pinch one "good man gains a vote, and ſaves a kingdom: and "what does any county or burgeſs town know but "that all may depend upon their making a good "choice? But then to ſell the providence of God "for a little money, is the mark of a wretched "mind. Truly, ſuch ought not to have the power "of freemen, that would ſo abuſe his own, and "hazard other men's freedom by it: he deſerves to "be caſt overboard that would ſink the veſſel, and "and thereby drown the company embark'd with "him.

"Review the members of the laſt parliament—"their *inclinations* and votes, as near as you can "and learn—the converſation of the gentlemen of "your own county that were not members, and "take your meaſures by both—by that which is "your true and juſt intereſt at this critical time, "and you need not be divided or diſtracted in your "choice."

From the above may be inferred, how much the great Penn thought it the duty of every man to contribute his mite in the choice of upright men to govern the political veſſel.

Do we wiſh to follow peace with all men? If we do, is it not incumbent on every virtuous member of the community, to come forward at the next election, to chuſe ſuch men as ſhall, by their temper and ſound judgment, by their independence of party, and by their love of country, juſtly appreciate the value of public tranquility? Do we value the great principles of Chriſtianity, the love of the Supreme Being, and our neighbour? Then chuſe men who will ſtudy the harmony of the univerſe; who look upon all nations as their brethren—all equally entitled to juſtice, good faith, & the offices of friendſhip: and in doing this, we may hope for a bleſſing from Him who is conſtant in acts of kindneſs to the whole family of mankind. Let us then, as Penn adviſes, review the members of the laſt congreſs, their inclinations, and their votes, and I think we need not be divided or diſtracted in our choice. Recollect the loſs we are about to ſuſtain by the retirement of our worthy Preſident. Recollect the endeavours that have been made to break down the barriers which our wiſe conſtitution has eſtabliſhed between the different departments of government; the diſpoſition there appeared to hazard the peace, and with it, the growing proſperity of the country. Contraſt our preſent ſituation with that of war and deſolation, and let every man appeal to his own conſcience, whether it is not a duty he owes himſelf, his country, and the world, to come forward, and to join his fellow-citizens in their endeavours to place good men at the helm of our political barque. In doing this, no men need join himſelf to intemperate parties, although ſome do. We ſhould not argue againſt the uſe of juſt principles from the abuſe of them: neither ſhould any follow the example of the inhabitants of a cloiſter, and fly the duties of ſociety, by putting their candle under a buſhel, but come forward, and ſet an example for others to follow.

AMICUS.

At a meeting of the inhabitants of the eaſtern diſtrict of Philadelphia county, held at Buſſeltown, on Saturday the 1ſt of October, 1796, for the purpoſe of nominating ſuitable perſons to be elected at the enſuing general election, the following perſons were nominated—

Governor—Thomas Mifflin.
Congreſs—Robert Waln.
Senator—Nathaniel Newlin.
} unanimouſly voted.
Aſſembly—Thomas Paul, John Holme.

SIMON BENNET, Chairman.

Philadelphia, 3d October, 1796.

SIR,

I HAVE the honor to ſend herewith an account of the quantity of flour exported from this place in the laſt three months.

With great reſpect,
I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your obedient and humble ſervant,
JAMES READ.

His Excellency THOMAS MIFFLIN,
Governor of Pennſylvania.

Account of the flour ſhipped at the port of Philadelphia, for exportation, in the months of July, Auguſt and September, 1796.

	Barrels flour.	Barrels middlings.
Shipped in July,	18281	74
Auguſt,	17995	531
Sept.	10621	177
In all,	46897	728

JAMES READ, Inſpector.

Philad. 3d October, 1796.

His Excellency Governor MIFFLIN.

NEW-YORK, October 1.

We have authentic accounts from Newburyport, that the fever which carried off about 30 of the citizens of that place, and which has entirely ſubſided, was confined to Water-ſtreet, and a narrow dirty one leading from it. In thoſe ſtreets, ſome of the nurſes and attendants, took the diſeaſe and died—but from the diſeaſed who were removed in to other parts of the town, there was no inſtance of infection.

Theſe facts, which are received from a reſpectable gentleman of that town, concur with facts in other places to prove that dirt, filth and corrupt air, are the immediate cauſes of this diſeaſe.

The ſame authority ſtates, that ſeveral perſons died in Newburyport, the laſt year, with the black vomit—which he has no doubt was the ſame diſeaſe, tho' not then *named*, and of courſe gave no alarm.

We have alſo good authority to ſtate, that a ſimilar fever has carried off a number of the inhabitants of Boſton, this ſummer.

Facts of this kind continually occurring, demonſtrate that this fever is the production of our own country, and that for ſome years paſt, ſomething like an epidemic influence has prevailed, to produce or extend it. Facts every where remonſtrate againſt the mode of building our cities—with *narrow ſtreets, dirty unventilated alleys, and low wet cellars.*

Citizens of America, believe me: The diſeaſe which is vulgarly called *yellow fever*, is only a milder form of the *plague*. In Philadelphia, it appeared with all its horrors—In New-York and other places, it has been leſs active; but in all places it has been as much the *plague*, as the ſituation of the town, the ſeaſon and other circumſtances, would admit.

It is idle and fooliſh, nay more, it is wicked, to attempt to keep facts of this kind out of ſight. The laws of nature *will* be obeyed—thoſe laws uniformly require that *foul air* ſhould generate diſeaſe, and when the air of a great city ſhall become ſufficiently foul, it will lay that city waſte with peſtilence, in the United States, as well as in Africa or Aſia.

Think not ſlightly of this thing; nor think not that if you get thro' this ſeaſon with the loſs of *fifty* or a *hundred lives* of valuable citizens, and *two or three months trade*, that the next ſeaſon will be more favorable. It may be ſo; but the chances are againſt you—in the general courſe of things, *worſe* events are to be expected. And as ſurely as you do not arreſt the preſent mode of *building cities*, the *plague, with all its horrors*, will infeſt the United States in leſs than a century, as regularly as it does the cities of Cairo and Conſtantinople.

GAZETTE OF THE UNITED STATES MARINE LIST.

PHILADELPHIA, October 4.

The ſhip Eliza of Alexandria, Borrowdale, 65 days from Bordeaux, arrived at the Fort yeſterday—She ſailed the 27th of July.

The ſchooner Caſtries, capt. Waddel, belonging to this port, was overſet in a gale, in lat. 27, 30. and loſt—captain and crew ſaved.

Capt. Murphey, of the brig Liberty, from the Havanna, 17 days, arrived at the fort, informs, that he left at that port, about 12 American veſſels, nine ſhips of war and ſeven frigates.

September 14th, lat. 24, 30, N. in the gulph, ſpoke the ſchooner Active, from New-Orleans, out 15 days, and bound for New-York; the captain informed him of his having taken up at ſea, the maſter and crew of the ſchooner Felicity, of Philadelphia, after being three days in their boat. She had upſet in lat. 27, 30. Next day captain Murphey ſaw two wrecks on the reef, within quay Largo, & ſome ſchooners within the reef at anchor, who were very buſy in going to and from the wrecks; Capt. Murphey ſailed from Havanna in company with a Spaniſh 74, and a merchant ſhip, for Cadiz; the 74 it was ſaid had ſix millions of dollars on board.

Extract of a letter from the maſter of a veſſel arrived at the fort, to his owners in this city.

"On my paſſage from Jacquemel to Philadelphia I fell in with and was boarded by a French boat with twelve armed men, who took poſſeſſion of the brig and told me I muſt go by their directions and carry them to Gonaives or St. Jago in Cuba; I told them I would preſer going to Gonaives as being leaſt out of my way—but next morning they took the command and were running the brig for St. Jago; immediately after a ſhip hove in ſight, which we took to be an Engliſh frigate, when nine of theſe people took the boat and went to the ſhip and ſurrendered themſelves priſoners of war, in order to ſave the three left on board with me, one of whom being general and commander in chief of the iſland, another preſident of the delegation of the ſouth; they were obliged to fly from Aux-Cayes in this little boat, to ſave themſelves from the negroes, who threaten to kill all the white men in that part of the iſland, being perſuaded by the mulattoes that thoſe men are ſent out from France to make ſlaves of them again."

Capt. Clark, of the brig Alexandria, 17 days from Gonaives, arrived at the fort, relates, that he was taken into the above port by the veſſel containing the national commiſſioners at Aux Cayes, who had been forced to fly from that place in conſequence of an inſurrection of the negroes planned by Rigaud, and the declaration of their intentions, to murder all the whites.

Off the Mole, ſpoke the ſloop ——, by which he learned, that captain Peden, formerly maſter, had died two days before.

NEW-YORK, October 4.

ARRIVED.

		Days.
Ship Olive, O'Brian,	Anguilla	16
Britiſh Packet,	Falmouth	
Triumph, Hazard,	London	57
Mars, M'Kinne,	Liverpool	62
Young Eagle, ——,	ditto.	
Ship Ohio. M'Clacklan,	Greenock, below.	
Port Mary, ——,	Liverpool, below.	
Bark Neptune, O'Connor,	Jamaica	
Schr. Regulator, Stanwood,	Leogane	17
Friendſhip, Tallman,	North Carolina	12
Sloop Prudent, Malby,	Turk's-Iſland	1
Siſters, ——,	St. Croix	29

The Britiſh Packet ——, arrived yeſterday from Falmouth and Halifax, with the July Mail. She is three weeks from Halifax. The Britiſh frigate La Raiſon, Capt. Beresford, of whom ſome vague account of "*a bruſh*" has been circulated, had arrived at Halifax, but we do not yet learn what kind of *hair* this bruſh was made of. Barney's ſtore-ſhip had likewiſe arrived there.

Various other veſſels alſo arrived yeſterday—*vide Marine Liſt*—but none of them bring ſo late accounts as before received.

Ship Olive, in lat. 27, N. long. 67, fell in with the wreck of the brig Deborah of Hartford, with her decks blown up, and ſpars laſhed along ſide.

September 26, lat. 26, 30, long. 72, fell in with, and ſpoke the ſloop Prudent of Philadelphia from Teneriffe, out 39 days, diſmaſted and captain dead.

The ſhip Victoria of New-York that had been ſo long detained both by the Engliſh and French in the iſland of St. Lucia, was diſcharged about the latter end of Auguſt, and on her way home.

On the 24th of Auguſt, the general report at St. Vincent's, was, that a general engagement would ſoon take place between the Britiſh and Charaibs.

BALTIMORE, October 1.

Arrived on Thurſday morning, ſchooner Polly, capt. John Botner, in 17 days from Cape Nichola Mole. The following is extracted from the Log-Book of the Polly.

Sept. 25, at 10, A. M. lat. 35, 11, N. long. 74, 30, W. ſaw a ſloop to the northward, which we found to be the Charlotte, capt. Mathers, belonging to Mr. Fiſher, of Philadelphia, from Teneriffe, 34 days, loaded with wine—ſhe was under jury-maſts, and in ſuch a leaky condition that they were obliged to keep the pump continually going: capt. Mathers died at 6 A. M. on the morning we ſpoke the Charlotte; ſhe had alſo loſt her boat, and was in diſtreſs for bread, which we ſupplied them with.

Sept. 27, ſpoke the ſchooner Maria, of Baltimore in long. 74, 56, W. lat. 36, N. out 20 hours from Cape Henry, all well.

Capt. Botner informs, that at Cape-Nichola-Mole there were four Engliſh 74's, 3 frigates, and a few tranſports, all lying at anchor.

With ſupreme pleaſure we hand to the Public the following highly

Intereſting and Agreeable Information:

By Authority.

Extract of a letter from Stephen Cathalan, jun. Conſul of the United States at at Marſeilles, to Joſeph Fenwick, conſul of the United States at Bourdeaux—dated 20th July, 1796.

"*Juſt now a Fiſherman is ſent to me by the Daniſh Captain of a ſhip entering into Pomegue (the iſland in this Road, where ſhips from Levant or Barbary are to perform quarantine,) from Algiers, with all the Americans who were there in ſlavery.*"

At a Meeting of a number of citizens, at Mr. Dunwoody's Inn, on the 30th inſtant, it was unanimouſly agreed to recommend to their fellow-citizens, the following tickets, for their ſupport at the enſuing Election.

Governor,
Thomas Mifflin.
Congreſs,
Edward Tilghman.
Senator,
Nathaniel Newlin, (of Delaware County.)
Aſſembly,
George Latimer,
Laurence Seckel,
Jacob Hiltzheimer,
Robert Waln,
Francis Gurney,
Joſeph Ball.

At a numerous adjourned meeting of citizens of Philadelphia, held at Little's School-Houſe on the 29th September, 1796, the following tickets were unanimouſly agreed to be ſupported at the enſuing general election.

THOMAS LEIPER in the Chair.

Governor,
Thomas Mifflin.
Congreſs,
John Swanwick.
Aſſembly,

John Steinmetz,	Samuel Wetherill, ſen.
Charles Pettit,	Matthew Lawler,
Joſeph B. M'Kean,	Jacob L. Swyler,

By the Mayor, Aldermen and Citizens of Philadelphia,

AN ORDINANCE,

Making Compenſation to the preſent Mayor of the City of Philadelphia.

IT is hereby ordained and enacted, by the Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of Philadelphia, in Common Council aſſembled, and by the authority of the ſame, that there ſhall be allowed to Matthew Clarkſon, Eſq. the preſent Mayor of the city of Philadelphia (over and above the ſums he has received from the treaſurer of this corporation, and which are hereby confirmed to him) to be paid on the 10th day of October next, the ſum of two hundred and ſixty-two pounds fourteen ſhillings and three pence; in addition to which he ſhall appropriate to his own uſe, without accounting to this corporation for the ſame, the fees which have been and ſhall be received by him from the 15th day of July laſt paſt to the ſaid tenth day of October next; which ſum of two hundred and ſixty-two pounds fourteen ſhillings and three pence, together with the fees aforeſaid, ſhall be conſidered as a full compenſation for his ſervices from the fifteenth day of January laſt to the ſaid tenth day of October next.

MATTHEW CLARKSON, Mayor.

(L. S. C.) Enacted into an ordinance, at Philadelphia, the twenty-ninth day of September, one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-ſix.

WILLIAM H. TOD, Clerk to the Corporation.

Epiſtle to Porcupine.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED, by T. BRADFORD, *No.* 8, *South Front-ſtreet*,

A congratulatory Epiſtle

To the redoubtable Peter Porcupine,

On his "complete triumph over the once towering but fallen and deſpicable faction in the United States."

A POEM,

BY PETER GRIEVOUS, JUN.

To which is annexed,

The Viſion,

A Dialogue between Marat and *Porcupine* in the infernal regions.

This Day is Published,
And Sold by J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chesnut-street, and WILLIAM COBBETT, opposite Christ Church,
Price only 25 cents,
Watson's Letters to Gibbon, or
An Apology for Christianity,
In a series of Letters,
Addressed to Edward Gibbon, Esq. author of the History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire.
By R. WATSON, D. D. F. R. S.
Lord Bishop of Landaff, and Regius Professor of Divinity in the University of Cambridge.
Likewise, a Second Edition of
An Apology for the Bible,
By the same celebrated Divine.
Price 37 1-2 cents.

☞ These Pamphlets are printed to match, so that they may be bound together—and contain the most powerful and convincing arguments ever advanced in favor of Christianity; together with a complete refutation of Deism and Infidelity.

W. C. *HAS JUST PUBLISHED,*
The Political Censor for September;
CONTAINING
The Life of Thomas Paine,
And Remarks on the Pamphlets lately published against Peter Porcupine.
September 30. mwf

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
By MATHEW CAREY, 118, Market-street,
A Dissertation on Slavery,
WITH A PROPOSAL
For the Gradual Abolition of it
In the State of Virginia.
By ST. GEORGE TUCKER, Professor of Law in the University of William and Mary, and one of the Judges in the General Court in Virginia.

"Slavery not only violates the Laws of Nature and of "Civil Society, it also wounds the best forms of govern- "ment: in a Democracy, where all men are equal, slave- "ry is contrary to the spirit of the constitution."
[*Montesquieu.*]
Sept. 29. 6

RICKETTS's
Amphitheatre of Arts.
TO THE PUBLIC.

IMPRESSED with the most lively gratitude for past favors, Mr. RICKETTS returns his most sincere thanks to the people of Philadelphia, for the kind patronage and liberal encouragement they have hitherto shewn him, and again solicits their attention for the ensuing season.

He takes this opportunity of informing the Ladies and Gentlemen of this City, that the AMPHITHEATRE has undergone a complete and pleasing alteration since the last season, (on an original plan of his own) so as to make it perfectly convenient for a numerous audience; and ornamented, in the most superb style, with *SCENERY, DRESSES* and *DECORATIONS*, entirely new.

He assures the public, that no pains nor expense whatever have been spared, to render it one of the most beautiful places of public amusement of the kind here or in any part of Europe.

The public are further informed, that the Amphitheatre of Arts will open on the evening of the 10th of October, 1796. The particulars of the entertainments of that evening will be announced in the different daily publications.
J. B. R.
September 28. eo.

New-England Rum,
In hogsheads,
Welsh's best Boston Chocolate,
And
HYSON-SKIN TEA, in quarter chests,
FOR SALE, BY
A. MARPLE & ISR. W. MORRIS,
No. 60. Dock-street.
Sept. 24. eo6t.

Mr. FRANCIS,
(Of the New Theatre)

TAKES this opportunity of returning thanks to his scholars and to the public. Mr. Francis intends, on his return from Maryland, to open a public academy for dancing, upon a plan entirely new. He flatters himself that his attention to his pupils hitherto renders any promises of conducting his future schemes on the most liberal and strictest terms, of propriety, totally unnecessary.

N. B. Private tuition as usual.
June 3 taw

Sales of India Goods.
The Cargo of the ship Ganges, capt. Tingey, from Calcutta and Bengal,
CONSISTING OF
A Large and general assortment of Bengal and Madras COTTON and SILK GOODS.
AMONG WHICH ARE
A variety fine worked and plain Muslins,
Dorcas, &c. Also,
A Quantity of Excellent Sugar,
In boxes and bags—and BLACK PEPPER,
For Sale by
Willings & Francis,
No. 21 Penn Street.
June 8 §

For Sale,
A Three story BRICK HOUSE and Lot, in Chesnut street, between Front and Second streets, in which Messrs. James Calbraith & Co. have for many years (and now do) carried on business.

Possession will be given in one month, or sooner.
For terms apply to WILLIAM BELL, or
HECTOR CALBRAITH.
April 21. §

Brokers Office, and
COMMISSION STORE.

No. 63 South Third street, opposite the national new Bank.

SAMUEL M. FRAUNCES and JOHN VAN REED, have entered into co-partnership, under the firm of FRAUNCES & VAN REED, in the business of Brokers, Conveyancers and Commission merchants. They buy and sell on commission every species of stock, notes of hand, bills of exchange, houses and lands, &c.

MONEY procured on deposits, &c. &c. all kinds of writings in the conveyancing line, done with neatness and dispatch; accounts adjusted, and books settled, in the most correct manner. Constant attendance will be given. They solicit a share of the public favor; they are determined to endeavour to deserve it.

N. B. The utmost secrecy observed.
SAMUEL M. FRAUNCES,
JOHN VAN REED.
Philad. August 27, 1796. m&wtf

JOHN MILLER, Jun. & Co.
No. 8, CHESNUT STREET,
Have Imported in the late vessels from Europe, &c.
AND HAVE FOR SALE,
A general assortment of GOODS, suitable to the season—Amongst which are,
BROAD and narrow CLOTHS,
Plain and twill'd COATINGS,
Rose striped and point BLANKETS,
FLANNELS and BAISES,
HATS assorted in cases,
IRISH LINENS,
INDIA GOODS, generally,
A Consigned Invoice of IRONMONGERY,
Comprising a capital assortment to open a store—including Thirty Casks of NAILS. This invoice will be sold entire on very advantageous terms.
September 20. d

Lottery
FOR raising six thousand six hundred and sixty-seven dollars and fifty cents, by a deduction of fifteen per cent from the prizes, and not two blanks to a prize. viz

1	Prize of	5000 dollars is dollars.	5000
1		1000	1000
1		500	500
5		200	1000
20		100	2000
99		50	4950
200		25	5000
2000		10	20,000
5	Last drawn numbers of 1000 dollars each,		5000
2332	Prizes.		44,450
4018	Blanks.		
6350	Tickets at Seven Dollars each,		44,450

By order of the Directors of the Society for establishing Useful Manufactures, the superintendants of the Paterson Lottery have requested the Managers to offer the foregoing Scheme to the public, and have directed them to refund the money to those persons who have purchased in the former Lottery, or exchange the tickets for tickets in this Lottery.

The lottery has actually commenced drawing, and will continue until finished. A list of the Blanks and Prizes may be seen at the office of William Blackburn, No. 64 south Second street, who will give information where tickets may be procured.

Dated this 17th day of June, 1796.
J. N. CUMMING,
JACOB R. HARDENBERG, } Managers.
JONATHAN RHEA,
dtf eo

Samuel Richardet,
RESPECTFULLY informs the Gentlemen Merchants, that he has this day opened the CITY TAVERN and MERCHANTS COFFEE HOUSE in the city of Philadelphia.

The Subscription Room will be furnished with all the daily papers published in Philadelphia, New-York, Boston, Baltimore, together with those of the principal commercial cities of Europe—They will be regularly filed and none permitted to be taken away on any account.

Tea, Coffee, Soupes, Jellies, Ice Creams, and a variety of French Liquors; together with the usual refreshments, will at all times be procured at the bar.

Gentlemen may depend on being accommodated with the choicest of Wines, Spirituous Liquors, and the most approved Malt Liquors from London and other breweries.

The Larder will be supplied with the prime and earliest productions of the Season.

Large and small Parties, or single Gentlemen, may be accommodated with Breakfasts, Dinners, or Suppers, at hours most convenient to themselves—a cold Collation is regularly kept for conveniency, the Bill of Fare to be had at the bar.

The Lodging Rooms will be completely furnished, and the utmost attention paid to cleanliness, and every other requisite.

☞ SAMUEL RICHARDET will be happy to receive, and execute the commands of his Friends, and the Public at large; and with gratitude for their favours, he pledges himself that nothing on his part shall be wanting to preserve that patronage with which he has been so distinguishingly honored.
Philadelphia, April 19. mwf

Treasury of the United States.
NOTICE is hereby given to all persons who are or may be Creditors of the United States, for any sums of the *Funded Debt, or Stock, bearing a present interest of six per centum per annum.*

1st, That pursuant to an Act of Congress passed on the 28th day of April, 1796, intitled an act in addition to an act, intituled "An act making further provision for the support of public credit, and for the redemption of the public debt," the said debt or stock will be reimbursed and paid in manner following, to wit. "First, by dividends "to be made on the last days of March, June and Septem- "ber for the present year, and from the year one thousand "seven hundred and ninety-seven, to the year one thou- "sand eight hundred & eighteen inclusive, at the rate of "one and one half per centum upon the original capital. "Secondly, by dividends to be made on the last day of "December for the present year, and from the year one "thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, to the year "one thousand eight hundred and seventeen inclusive, at "the rate of three and one half per centum upon the ori- "ginal capital; and by a dividend to be made on the last "day of December, in the year one thousand eight hun- "dred and eighteen, of such sum, as will be then ade- "quate, according to the contract, for the final redemp- "tion of the said stock."

2d. All distinction between payments on account of *Interest* and *Principal* being thus abolished by the establishment of the permanent rule of reimbursement above described, it has become necessary to vary accordingly the powers of attorney for receiving dividends; the public creditors will therefore observe that the following form is established for all powers of attorney which may be granted after the due promulgation of this notice, viz.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that I of do make, constitute and appoint of my true and lawful Attorney, for me, and in my name, to receive the dividends which are, or shall be payable according to law, on the (here describing the stock) *standing in my name in the books of* (here describing the books of the Treasury or the Commissioner of Loans, where the stock is credited) *from* (here insert the commencement and expiration of time for which the power of attorney is to continue) *with power also an attorney or attornies under him, for that purpose to make and substitute, and to do all lawful acts requisite for effecting the premises, hereby ratifying and confirming all that my said Attorney or his substitute, shall lawfully do, by virtue hereof.*

In Witness hereof, I have hereunto set my Hand and Seal the day of in the year
Sealed and Delivered in presence of,
BE IT KNOWN, that on the day of efore me personally came within named and acknowledged the above letter of attorney to be his act and deed.
In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my Hand and affixed Seal the day and year last aforesaid.

Given under my Hand at Philadelphia, this twentieth day of July 1796, pursuant to directions from the Secretary of the Treasury.
SAMUEL MEREDITH,
Treasurer of the United States.
July 23. w&ttf.

For Sale,
A Complete Font of BREVIER,

ENtirely new, and yet unopened. The weight of this font is about 312 lb. It is from the Foundery of Wilson & Sons, Glasgow, and will be sold at cost & charges.

Also for Sale, a pair of Super Royal Chases.

Enquire at the Office of the Gazette of the United States, 119 Chesnut-street.
September 27. dtf

City of Washington.
SCHEME *of the* LOTTERY, No. II,
FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE
FEDERAL CITY.

A magnificent dwelling-house,	20,000 dollars, & cash 30,000, are		50,000
1	ditto	15,000 & cash 25,000	40,000
1	ditto	15,000 & cash 15,000	30,000
1	ditto	10,000 & cash 10,000	20,000
1	ditto	5,000 & cash 5,000	10,000
1	ditto	5,000 & cash 5,000	10,000
1	cash prize of		10,000
2	do.	5,000 each, are	10,000
10	do.	1,000	10,000
20	do.	500	10,000
00	do.	100	10,000
200	do.	50	10,000
400	do.	25	10,000
1,000	do.	20	20,000
15,000	do.	10	150,000
16,739	Prizes.		
33,261	Blanks.		
50,000	Tickets, at Eight Dollars,		400,000

N. B. To favour those who may take a quantity of Tickets, the prize of 40,000 dollars will be the LAST drawn ticket, and the 30,000 the LAST but ONE:

And approved notes, securing payment in either money or prizes, in ten days after drawing, will be received for any number not less than 30 tickets.

This Lottery will afford an elegant specimen of the private buildings to be erected in the City of Washington—Two beautiful designs are already selected for the entire fronts on two of the public squares; from these drawings it is proposed to erect two centre and four corner buildings, as soon as possible after this lottery is sold, and to convey them, when complete, to the fortunate adventurers, in the manner described in the scheme for the Hotel Lottery. A nett deduction of five per cent. will be made to defray the necessary expenses of printing, &c. and the surplus will be made a part of the fund intended for the National University, to be erected within the city of Washington.

The Drawing will commence as soon as the tickets are sold off.—The money prizes will be payable in thirty days after it is finished; and any prizes for which fortunate numbers are not produced within twelve months after the drawing is closed, are to be considered as given towards the fund for the University; it being determined to settle the whole business in a year from the ending of the drawing, and to take up the bonds given as security.

The real securities given for the payment of the Prizes, are held by the President and two Directors of the Bank of Columbia, and are valued at more than half the amount of the lottery.

The twenty four gentlemen who by appointment of the late Commissioners assisted in the management of the Hotel Lottery are requested to undertake this arduous task a second time on behalf of the public; a sufficient number of these having kindly accepted, it is hoped that the friends to a National University and the other federal objects may continue to favor the design.

By accounts received from the different parts of the Continent as well as from Europe, where the tickets have been sent for sale, the public are assured that the drawing will speedily commence, and that the care and caution unavoidably necessary to insure a safe disposal of the tickets, has rendered the short suspension indispensable.
SAMUEL BLODGET.

Sa. Tickets may be had at the Bank of Columbia; of James West & Co. Baltimore; of Peter Gilman, Boston of John Hopkins, Richmond; and of Richard Wells Cooper's Ferry. eo

WATSON's ANSWER to GIBBON.
JUST RECEIVED,
And for sale by J. ORMROD, No. 41, Chesnut-street,
Apology for Christianity,
In a series of Letters, addressed to
EDWARD GIBBON, ESQ.
Author of the History of the Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire:
By *R. WATSON,* D. D. F. R. S. Bishop of Landaff.
(Price 75 cents bound)
Watson's Answer to Paine,
To be had at the same place.
The enemies of Religion are awake! Let not her friends sleep.
Sept. 1. mw&tf

NOTICE.
THE Subscriber, having been reduced in his circumstances, by sundry misfortunes, and being thereby unable to satisfy his just debts, hereby gives notice to his Creditors and to all persons concerned, that he intends to apply to the General Assembly of Maryland at their next session to be held on the first Monday of November next, for the benefit of an act of insolvency.
WILLIAM EDMONDSON
Easton, 1st of the 6th month, 1796. tawtiSMN

To be sold,
A PLANTATION, in the town of Woodbury, county of Gloucester, and state of New-Jersey, containing about one hundred and fifty acres; a suitable proportion of which is woodland and improved meadow. A great part of the arable land is in a high state of cultivation, and very natural to the production of Red Clover. On said plantation there is a genteel two-story brick house, with four rooms on a floor, and a good dry cellar under the whole; together with a barn, corn-cribs and carriage-house. The garden is large, and contains a good collection of the best kinds of grafted and inoculated fruit trees; the orchard consists of about three hundred grafted apple-trees. Any person inclined to purchase said premises, may be informed of the terms by applying to
ANDREW HUNTER.
July 29 d

TO BE SOLD,
At No. 128, North Second-Street, and by several of the Apothecaries in this City.

TRANSFERS of the right to remove pains and inflammations from the human body, as secured to Dr. ELISHA PERKINS, by patent, with instruments and directions necessary for the practice. This mode of treatment is particularly useful in relieving pains in the head, face, teeth, breast, side, stomach, back, rheumatisms, recent gouts, &c. &c.

Notwithstanding the utility of this practice, it is not presumed but there are cases in which this and every other remedy may sometimes fail.
June 1. taw

To be disposed of,
THE time of a healthy NEGRO WOMAN, who has between four and five years to serve: She can be recommended for her sobriety and honesty. For particulars enquire at No. 132, Chesnut-street.
August 3. w&tf

Washington Canal Lottery,
No. I.

WHEREAS the State of Maryland has authorised the underwritten, to raise twenty-six thousand two hundred, and fifty dollars, for the purpose of cutting a Canal through the City of Washington, from the Potomac to the Eastern Branch Harbour.

The following is the SCHEME of No. I.

Viz.	1 Prize of	20,000 dollars,	20,000
	1 ditto	10,000	10,000
	7 last drawn Tickets each	5,000	35,000
	6 ditto	1,000	6,000
	10 ditto	400	4,000
	20 ditto	100	2,000
	55 ditto	50	2,750
	5750 ditto	12	69,000
	To be raised for the Canal,		26,250
5850	Prizes,		175,000
11650	Blanks, not two to a prize.		
17500	Tickets, at Ten Dollars,		175,000

☞ The Commissioners have taken the Securities required by the aforesaid act for the punctual payment of the prizes.

The drawing of this Lottery will commence, without delay, as soon as the Tickets are sold, of which timely notice will be given.

Such prizes as are not demanded in six months after the drawing is finished, shall be considered as relinquished for the benefit of the Canal, and appropriated accordingly.

(*Signed*) NOTLEY YOUNG,
DANIEL CARROLL, *of* D.
LEWIS DEBLOIS,
GEORGE WALKER,
WM. M. DUNCANSON,
THOMAS LAW,
JAMES BARRY.
City of Washington, Feb. 1st. §

Mordecai Lewis
HAS FOR SALE,
NANKEENS, long and short.
China, well assorted.
Quicksilver.
Diapers
Buffas.
Cossas.
Bandano Handkerchiefs.
Roll Brimstone.
Sept. 6. tt&stfm

For Sale,
A LARGE ELEGANT AND WELL FINISHED
Three-story Brick House,
(The late residence of General Walter Stewart)

WITH a LOT of GROUND thereunto belonging, the west side of Third-street, near Union-street containing in front 32 feet, and in depth 100 feet, to an alley leading into Union-street. The house is 32 feet front and 50 feet deep; the several rooms contained in it are large, commodious, and completely finished; the two first stories are each 13 feet high; there are 20 mahogany doors in the house; a geometrical staircase, with mahogany rails and a good sky-light. The kitchen is in the cellar, which is spacious and convenient, and finished with an oven, stew-holes and pantries, a servants' hall and large wine-cellar adjoining the kitchen, in front of which is an area in which there is a pump. The yard is vaulted. Communicating with the said building is a neat three-story brick house, on the north side of Union-street, containing 30 feet front by 20 feet deep; the lower part of which is at present occupied as a compting-house, and the upper part divided into well-finished large chambers. This house may at a small expense be converted into a convenient dwelling: The street door is very handsome, and the front and back have Venetian window-shutters. Adjoining the last house, upon the lot belonging to the first, are erected bathing-rooms, &c. There are likewise very good coach-house and stables finished equal (or nearly so) with any in the city, on a lot containing on Union street 30 feet, and in depth on the west side of said alley 52 feet. There are good cellars under the whole of the buildings, and a wine room over part of the stable, with a hay-loft over the remainder. For further particulars enquire of
EDWARD BONSALL & Co.
At their Office No. 64 Dock-street, between Walnut & Pear streets.
tu&f
6th month 24th 1796.

FOR SALE.
A PLANTATION,
ABOUT 12 miles from this City, situate in Abington Township, Montgomery-County; containing 70 acres, a new stone house, two stories high, 2 rooms on a floor, fire places in each, a stone kitchen and stone spring house, over an excellent spring of water, a barn, stables, sheds, barracks, &c. A large apple orchard, and a variety of other fruit, about 12 acres of good meadow well watered, and wood sufficient for fire, and fencing the place. Possession may be had the 1st of April next. Property in this city will be taken in exchange, or MORRIS and NICHOLSONS Notes in payment. Enquire at No. 37, Arch-Street.
Philadelphia, September 13, 1796. ttsif

WANTED,
For any term from one to four years,
A HOUSE, pleasantly situated in any of the principal streets within the pavement, and not very distant from the State-House, capable of accommodating a small family; the house must have stables and coach-house, and would be required to be ready by the first week in November next—Enquire of the printer.
Sept. 14. ttf

FOR SALE,
A very Valuable Estate,
CALLED *TWITTENHAM,* situate in the township of Upper Derby, and county of Delaware, 7 1-2 miles from Philadelphia, and half a mile from the new Western road: containing 230 acres of excellent land, 45 of which are good watered meadow, 90 of prime woodland, and the rest arable of the first quality. There are on the premises a good two story brick house, with 4 rooms on a floor, and cellars under the whole, with a pump-well of excellent water in front; a large frame barn, stables, and other convenient buildings; a smoke-house and stone spring-house; two good apple orchards, and one of peaches. The fields are all in clover, except those immediately under tillage, and are so laid out as to have the advantage of water in each of them, which renders it peculiarly convenient for grazing.

The situation is pleasant and healthy, and from the cultivation of the land, the good neighbourhood, and the vicinity to the city, it is very suitable for a gentleman's country seat.

The foregoing is part of the estate of Jacob Haran, deceased, and offered for sale by
Mordecai Lewis
Oct. 9. tt&f Surviving Executor.

PRINTED BY JOHN FENNO,
—No. 119—
CHESNUT-STREET.
[Price Eight Dollars per Annum.]